WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2023 REGULAR SESSION

Originating

House Bill 3556

By Delegates Steele, Garcia, Fast and Marple

[Originating in the Committee on Judiciary; Reported

on February 21, 2023]

A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended by creating a new article, §48-28B1, *et seq.*, relating to establishing a process to recognize and enforce Canadian domestic
violence protective orders, relating to providing a short title, relating to providing
definitions, relating to enforcement of Canadian domestic violence protective orders by law
enforcement, relating to enforcement of Canadian domestic violence protective orders by
a court, relating to registration of a Canadian domestic violence protective order, and
relating to a severability clause.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 28B. UNIFORM RECOGNITION AND ENFORCEMENT OF CANADIAN DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROTECTIVE ORDERS ACT

§48-28B-1. Short Title

- 1 This act may be cited as the Uniform Recognition and Enforcement of Canadian Domestic-
- 2 <u>Violence Protective Orders Act.</u>

§48-28B-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "Canadian domestic violence protective order" means a judgment or part of a judgment
- 2 or order issued in a civil proceeding by a court of Canada under law of the issuing jurisdiction
- 3 which relates to domestic violence and prohibits a respondent from:
- 4 (1) being in physical proximity to a protected individual or following a protected individual;
- 5 (2) directly or indirectly contacting or communicating with a protected individual or other
- 6 individual described in the order;
- 7 (3) being within a certain distance of a specified place or location associated with a
- 8 protected individual; or
- 9 (4) molesting, annoying, harassing, or engaging in threatening conduct directed at a
 10 protected individual.

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11	(b) For purposes of this article, "Domestic violence protective order" means an injunction or
12	other order issued by a court which relates to domestic or family violence laws to prevent an
13	individual from engaging in violent or threatening acts against, harassment of, direct or indirect
14	contact or communication with, or being in physical proximity to another individual.
15	(c) "Issuing court" means the court that issues a Canadian domestic violence protective
16	order.
17	(d) "Law-enforcement officer" means an individual authorized by law of this state to enforce
18	a domestic protective order.
19	(e) "Person" means an individual, estate, business or nonprofit entity, public corporation,
20	government or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or other legal entity.
21	(f) "Protected individual" means an individual protected by a Canadian domestic- violence
22	protective order.
23	(g) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in
24	an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
25	(h) "Respondent" means an individual against whom a Canadian domestic-violence
26	protective order is issued.
27	(i) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the
28	United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the
29	United States. The term includes a federally recognized Indian tribe.
30	(j) "Court" means a court, agency, or other entity authorized by law of this state to establish,
31	enforce, or modify a domestic protective order.
	§48-28B-3. Enforcement of Canadian Domestic Violence Protective Order by Law
	Enforcement Officer.
1	(a) If a law-enforcement officer determines under subsection (b) or (c) that there is
2	probable cause to believe a valid Canadian domestic violence protective order exists and the
3	order has been violated, the officer shall enforce the terms of the Canadian domestic violence

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4	protective order as if the terms were in an order of a court. Presentation to a law-enforcement
5	officer of a certified copy of a Canadian domestic violence protective order is not required for
6	enforcement.
7	(b) Presentation to a law-enforcement officer of a record of a Canadian domestic violence
8	protective order that identifies both a protected individual and a respondent and on its face is in
9	effect constitutes probable cause to believe that a valid order exists.
10	(c) If a record of a Canadian domestic violence protective order is not presented as
11	provided in subsection (b), a law-enforcement officer may consider other information in
12	determining whether there is probable cause to believe that a valid Canadian domestic-violence
13	protective order exists.
14	(d) If a law enforcement officer determines that an otherwise valid Canadian domestic
15	violence protective order cannot be enforced because the respondent has not been notified of or
16	served with the order, the officer shall notify the protected individual that the officer will make
17	reasonable efforts to contact the respondent, consistent with the safety of the protected individual.
18	After notice to the protected individual and consistent with the safety of the individual, the officer
19	shall make a reasonable effort to inform the respondent of the order, notify the respondent of the
20	terms of the order, provide a record of the order, if available, to the respondent, and allow the
21	respondent a reasonable opportunity to comply with the order before the officer enforces the order.
22	(e) If a law enforcement officer determines that an individual is a protected individual, the
23	officer shall inform the individual of available local victim services.
	§48-28B-4. Enforcement of Canadian Domestic Violence Protective Order by Court
1	(a) A court may issue an order enforcing or refusing to enforce a Canadian domestic
2	violence protective order on application of:
3	(1) a person authorized by law of this state, other than this act, to seek enforcement of a
4	domestic violence protective order; or
5	(2) a respondent.

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6	(b) In a proceeding under subsection (a), the court shall follow the procedures of this state
7	for enforcement of a domestic violence protective order as contained in the West Virginia Rules of
8	Practice and Procedure for Domestic Violence. An order entered under this section is limited to
9	the enforcement of the terms of the Canadian domestic violence protective order as defined in
10	<u>§48-28B-2.</u>
11	(c) A Canadian domestic violence protective order is enforceable under this section if:
12	(1) the order identifies a protected individual and a respondent;
13	(2) the order is valid and in effect;
14	(3) the issuing court had jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter under law
15	applicable in the issuing court;
16	(4) was issued on a basis for which a domestic violence protective order would be issued in
17	this state for conduct that would constitute domestic violence under this code; and
18	(5) the order was issued after:
19	(A) the respondent was given reasonable notice and had an opportunity to be heard before
20	the court issued the order; or
21	(B) in the case of an ex parte order, the respondent was given reasonable notice and had
22	or will have an opportunity to be heard within a reasonable time after the order was issued, in a
23	manner consistent with the right of the respondent to due process.
24	(d) A Canadian domestic violence protective order valid on its face is prima facie evidence
25	of its enforceability under this article.
26	(e) A claim that a Canadian domestic violence protective order does not comply with
27	subsection (c) is an affirmative defense in a proceeding seeking enforcement of the order. If the
28	court determines that the order is not enforceable, the court shall issue an order that the Canadian
29	domestic violence protective order is not enforceable under this section, and §48-28B-3, and may
30	not be registered pursuant to the requirements of §48-28B-5.

31 (f) This section applies to enforcement of a provision of a Canadian domestic violence 32 protective order against a party to the order in which each party is a protected individual and 33 respondent only if: 34 (1) the party seeking enforcement of the order filed a pleading requesting the order from 35 the issuing court; and 36 (2) the court made specific findings that entitled the party to the enforcement sought. §48-28B-5. Registration of a Canadian Domestic Violence Protective Order. 1 (a) Any individual may register a Canadian domestic violence protective order in this State 2 by presenting a certified copy of the order to the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals for 3 registration in accordance with the provisions of §48-27-802. 4 (b) An individual registering a Canadian domestic violence protective order shall file an 5 affidavit by the protected individual stating that, to the best of the protected individual's knowledge, 6 the order is currently in effect. 7 (c) Upon receipt of a Canadian domestic violence protective order for registration, the West 8 Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals shall: 9 (1) Register the order in accordance with the provisions of §48-27-802; 10 (2) Furnish to the individual registering the order a copy of the proof of registration of the 11 order. 12 (d) A registered Canadian domestic violence protective order that is shown to be 13 inaccurate or not currently in effect must be corrected or removed from the registry. 14 (e) A Canadian domestic violence protective order registered under this article may be 15 entered in any existing state or federal registry of protection orders in accordance with applicable 16 law. 17 (f) A fee may not be charged for the registration of a Canadian domestic violence protective 18 order.

§48-28B-6. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid,
- 2 the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this [act] which can be given effect
- 3 without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to create a framework by which Canadian domestic violence orders can be recognized, registered, enforced by law enforcement, and enforced by the courts of West Virginia.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.